

**IŞIK UNIVERSITY, MATH 103 MIDTERM EXAM-II**

<b>Exam Duration:</b> 1 hr. and 15 min.	<b>Q1</b>		<b>Q2</b>		<b>Row No:</b>
<b>Last Name:</b>	<b>First Name:</b>				<b>Student ID:</b>

**Q.1.** (16 pt) Let the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^3 + 1, & \text{if } x < -1 \\ x + 2, & \text{if } x \geq -1 \end{cases}$$

be given. Find the following limits:

a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} f(x)$       b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} f(x)$       b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x)$       c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x)$

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<b>Exam Duration:</b> 1 hr. and 15 min.	<b>Q3</b>	<b>Q4</b>	<b>Row No:</b>
<b>Last Name:</b>	<b>First Name:</b>		<b>Student ID:</b>

**Q3.** (15 pt) Find the following limits:

$$\text{a)} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{3\sqrt{x+2} + \sqrt{x^2-4}}{2\sqrt[3]{x+6} - x} \quad \text{b)} \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{2x-6}{x^2+2x-15} \quad \text{c)} \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{3x^3}{5x-2x^2}$$

**Q4.** (10 pt) Find the slope of the curve  $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x+1}$  at  $x = 1$ . Then find an equation of the tangent line to this curve at  $x = 1$ .



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<b>Exam Duration:</b> 1 hr. and 15 min.	<b>Q5</b>	<b>Q6</b>	<b>Row No:</b>
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**Q5.** Let the function  $f(x) = \frac{2x+6}{x^3+x}$  be given.

- a) (5 pt) Find the points of discontinuity.
- b) (6 pt) Find the intervals where  $f(x)$  is continuous.

**Q6.** (12 pt) If  $y = 2u^3 + (u+1)^2 + 1$  and  $u = \ln x$ , find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  as a function of  $x$ .



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<b>Exam Duration:</b> 1 hr. and 15 min.	<b>Q7</b>	<b>Q8</b>	<b>Q9</b>		<b>Row No:</b>
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**Q7.** (7 pt) Is the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 2x, & \text{if } x \neq 1 \\ 4, & \text{if } x = 1 \end{cases}$$

continuous at  $x = 1$ ? Give reasons for your answer.

**Q8.** (12 pt) If  $y = (e^{3x} + 4)^2 + \ln(x^2 + 5)$ , find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .

**Q9.** (8 pt) Using the definition of derivative, find the derivative of  $f(x) = x^2 + x$ .

